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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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EXAMINER

PARTHASARATHY, PRAMILA

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2136

DATE MAILED: 06/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/976,516

Applicant(s)

PATEL ET AL.

Examiner

Pramila Parthasarathy

Art Unit

2136

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 April 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the communication filed on April 26, 2005. Claim 1 has been amended. Claims 1 – 20 are pending.

Response to Remarks/Arguments

2. Claims 1 – 20 were rejected under 35 USC 102(e) as being anticipated by Joyce (U.S. Patent Number 6,519,703, hereafter "Joyce") and in response, Applicant amended Claim 1. Applicant's remarks/arguments filed on April 26, 2005, with respect to amended Claim 1, independent Claim 17, dependent Claims 3, 4, 7, 8 – 10, 13, 14, 17 and 18 – 20 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Referring to the previous Office action, Examiner had cited relevant portions of the references as a means to illustrate the system as taught by the prior art. As a means of providing further clarification as to what is taught by the references used in the first office action, Examiner has expanded the teachings for comprehensibility while maintaining the same grounds of rejection of the claims.

Joyce teaches a method for processing packets in a computer communication network that includes steps of analyzing a packet stream to recognize potentially harmful packets and selecting packets for further analysis. Furthermore, Joyce teaches that the method able to learn (with updates), to provide a higher level of protection with multiple analysis methodologies and dynamically adapting to security exploit attempts.

3. Regarding amended Claim 1 and independent Claim 11, Applicant agrees that Joyce teaches receiving data packets from the Internet, performs analysis on these packets and interrupts transmission of packets that appears to have problems and forwards if no problems are detected, but argues that the distinction between the prior art and the instant application is that in the present invention “communicating with a second router to cause transmission of a future data packet to be interrupted when a determination has been made that a first data packet is harmful”. This argument is not persuasive.

Joyce discloses packets are transmitted to a first buffer that controls forwarding of the packet based upon multiple analysis and control the flow wherein the packets are forwarded to a second analysis stage to look for temporal or other anomalies in packet streaming, see Joyce Column 2 line 30 – Column 3 line 67. Joyce further discloses that the firewall methods and apparatus will learn from and adapt to data flows to migrate security threats wherein multiple analysis methodologies provide for enhanced security to dynamically adapt to security exploits, threats, and covert communications, see Joyce Column 6 line 66 – Column 7 line 6).

4. Regarding Claims 3 and 13, argues that the prior art does not disclose “sending a command to an upstream router to interrupt future data packets from the originator”. Joyce discloses sending a command to an upstream router (second buffer or control of disposition) to intercept future packets from the originator (Column 3 lines 5 – 54).

Art Unit: 2136

5. Regarding Claims 4 and 14, argues that the prior art does not disclose “forwarding an agent to an upstream router, the agent arranged to intercept future data packets from the originator”. Joyce discloses forwarding an agent to an upstream router, the agent arranged to intercept future data packets from the originator by forwarding control of disposition of packets and control logic (agent) is provided for intercepting data packets (Column 3 line 5 – Column 4 line 21).

6. Regarding Claims 7 and 17, argues that the prior art does not disclose, “first data packet is suspicious, it is decided to monitor future data packets having the same source or destination address”. Joyce discloses analyzing raw data packets originating from network with destination information also enter and the data that have high confidence are forwarded without analysis but the data that have poor-confidence (suspicious) and further analyzed for session traffic based on a combination of source and destination address (Column 4 line 14 – 60).

7. Regarding Claims 8 - 10 and 18 – 20, argues that the prior art does not disclose “collaborating with and identifying an upstream router”. Joyce discloses collaborating with and identifying an upstream router wherein a correlation analysis router operates on multi-directional session data that is based on source and destination address to call on external/alternate process (from participating routers like pager system or alerting systems) (Column 4 line 22 – Column 5 line 33).

Art Unit: 2136

8. Applicant has not explicitly refuted the rejections for Claims 5, 6, 12, 15 and 16 (See Remarks Pages 8 – 11). Examiner correctly notes that Applicant is agreeing with the prior art disclosure and further states that the rejection for Claims 5, 6, 12, 15 and 16 are maintained.

9. Applicant clearly has failed to explicitly identify specific claim limitations, which would define a patentable distinction over prior arts. Therefore, the examiner respectfully asserts that cited prior art does teach or suggest the subject matter broadly recited in independent claims 1 and 11. Dependent claims 2 – 10 and 12 – 20 are also rejected at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claims and by other reason set forth in this office action.

Accordingly, the rejection for the pending Claims 1 – 20 is respectfully maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

10. Claims 1 – 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Joyce (U.S. Patent Number 6,519,703).

Regarding Claim 1, Joyce teaches and describes, a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), comprising the steps of:

monitoring a data packet sent from an originator via the router and addressed to a destination device other than the router (Column 2 lines 30 – 45);

determining in the router whether the data packet is potentially harmful to the destination device (Column 2 lines 30 – 53);

interrupting transmission of the data packet in response to determining that the data packet is potentially harmful to the destination device, comprising the step of communicating with a second router to cause the second router to interrupt transmission of a future data packet (Column 2 line 30 – Column 3 line 5); and

transmitting the data packet in response to determining that the data packet is not potentially harmful to the destination device (Column 2 line 66 – Column 3 line 10).

Regarding Claim 11, Joyce teaches and describes, a router for providing node security in a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), comprising:

a plurality of I/O ports for accepting a data packet sent from an originator via the router and addressed to a destination device other than the router, and for transmitting

Art Unit: 2136

the data packet to the destination device (Column 2 lines 16 – 40 and Column 4 lines 44 – 55); and

a processor coupled to the plurality of I/O ports for processing the data packet; wherein the processor is programmed to: monitor the data packet (Column 2 line 30 – Column 3 line 28 and Column 4 lines 44 – 60);

determine whether the data packet is potentially harmful to the destination device (Column 2 lines 30 – 53);

interrupt transmission of the data packet in response to determining that the data packet is potentially harmful to the destination device, including communicating with a second router to cause the second router to interrupt transmission of a future data packet (Column 2 line 30 – Column 3 line 5); and

transmit the data packet in response to determining that the data packet is not potentially harmful to the destination device (Column 2 line 66 – Column 3 line 10).

Claims 2 and 12 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11. Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein in response to interrupting the data packet, the processor is further programmed to discard a later data packet from the originator (Column 3 lines 29 – 54).

Claims 3 and 13 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11. Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a

Art Unit: 2136

router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein in response to interrupting the data packet, the processor is further programmed to send a command to an upstream router to intercept future data packets from the originator (Column 3 line 1 – 54).

Claims 4 and 14 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11.

Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein in response to interrupting the data packet, the processor is further programmed to forward an agent to an upstream router, the agent arranged to intercept future data packets from the originator (Column 3 line 59 – Column 4 line 21) .

Claims 5 and 15 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11.

Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein the processor is further programmed to check for a potential presence of at least one of a worm, a virus, and a Trojan horse (Column 3 lines 1 – 37 and Column 4 lines 22 – 29).

Claims 6 and 16 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11.

Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a

router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein the processor is further programmed to at least one of:

- random sample a subset of data packets (Column 6 lines 23 – 29);
- monitor data packets having a predetermined source address (Column 4 lines 22 – 43);
- monitor data packets having a predetermined destination address (Column 4 lines 22 – 60); and
- monitor data packets having a predetermined combination of source and destination address (Column 4 lines 22 – 60).

Claims 7 and 17 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11. Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein the processor is further programmed,

in response to determining that a first data packet is suspicious, to decide to monitor future data packets having at least one of a source address and a destination address matching, respectively, the source and the destination address of the first data packet (Column 4 lines 14 – 60).

Claims 8 and 18 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11. Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line

Art Unit: 2136

17), wherein the processor is further programmed to collaborate with an upstream router to cause the upstream router to update its capabilities to detect a potentially harmful data packet (Column 4 line 14 – Column 5 line 17).

Claims 9 and 19 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 1 and 11.

Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein the processor is further programmed to collaborate with an upstream router that is not a neighbor of the router to have the upstream router block transmission from the originator (Column 3 line 1 – 14 and Column 4 lines 22 – 43).

Claims 10 and 20 is rejected as applied above in rejecting claims 9 and 19.

Furthermore, Joyce teaches and describes a method for providing node security in a router of a packet network (Fig. 1, 2; Summary and Column 2 line 16 – Column 5 line 17), wherein the processor is further programmed to identify the upstream router by sending a command to the originator, the command requesting address information from participating routers (Column 4 line 34 – Column 5 line 3).

Conclusion

11. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

12. Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant.

Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

13. Applicant is urged to consider the references. However, the references should be evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosure. If applicants are aware of any better prior art than those are cited, they are required to bring the prior art to the attention of the examiner.

Art Unit: 2136

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pramila Parthasarathy whose telephone number is 571-272-3866. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00a.m. To 5:00p.m.. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on 571-232-3795. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Pramila Parthasarathy

June 21, 2005.


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